

Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1-10. (Cancelled)

11. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing ~~method for~~ an organic electroluminescence device, the method comprising:

forming a first anode;

forming a second anode;

forming a third anode;

forming a blue-color luminescent layer overabove the first anode;

forming a green-color luminescent layer overabove the second anode;

forming a red-color luminescent layer overabove the third anode;

applying a first liquid material~~forming a first electron transport layer on~~ over the blue-color luminescent layer ~~in a liquid phase process, the first electron transport layer including an element, the first liquid material including at least a component~~ which is selected from among a halide or an oxide of an alkali metal, an alkali earth metal, and a rare earth metal;

applying a second liquid material~~forming a second electron transport layer on~~ over the green-color luminescent layer ~~in a liquid phase process, the second liquid material~~~~the second electron transport layer~~ including ~~at least a first~~an organic metallic complex or a first organic compound; and

applying a third liquid material~~forming a third electron transport layer on~~ over the red-color luminescent layer, ~~the third liquid material~~~~the third electron transport layer~~ including ~~at least a second~~the organic metallic complex or a second organic compound.

12. (Currently Amended) The method of manufacturing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 11, wherein the first liquid material is the first electron transport layer is formed by discharging a droplet of a dispersion liquid in which LiF particulates are dispersed.

13. (Currently Amended) The method of manufacturing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 11, wherein at least one of the first and the second the organic metallic complexes is β -diketone complex.

14. (Currently Amended) The method of manufacturing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 11, wherein the first liquid material is applied by the liquid phase process includes a liquid-drop discharge method.

15-21. (Canceled)

22. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing an organic electroluminescence device, the method comprising:

forming a first anode;

forming a second anode;

forming a first luminescent layer over the first anode;

forming a second luminescent layer over the second anode;

applying a first liquid material forming a first electron transport layer over the first luminescent layer in a liquid phase process, the first liquid material the first electron transport layer including at least a component an element which is selected from among a halide or an oxide of an alkali metal, an alkali earth metal, and a rare earth metal; and

applying a second liquid material forming a second electron transport layer over the second luminescent layer in a liquid phase process, the second liquid material the second electron transport layer including at least an the organic metallic complex or an organic compound.

23-29. (Canceled)

30. (New) The method of manufacturing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 22, further comprising: forming a first electron transport layer over the first luminescent layer by the application of the first liquid material; and forming a second electron transport layer over the second luminescent layer by the application of the second liquid material.

31. (New) The method of manufacturing an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 22, wherein the organic compound includes a p-phenylene compound.